1. What is feudalism?

2. While feudalism and manorialism dominated rural medieval Europe, we see the return of cities. What were bourgeois? Notice how similar this sounds with the colloquial boushee.

3. Christianity formed in the waning days of the Roman Empire. 1054, we see a split between the Roman Catholic Church and the Greek Orthodox Church. This is known as the Filioque Controversy. Using the information in your textbook, what was this?

4. What were the Crusades?

5. What concept in Islam could the crusades be superficially compared?

6. The Fourth Crusade will forever cement the schism between Rome and Constantinople. In 1204, western crusaders attacked what Christian city?

7. The Magna Carta will change governments. What was it?

8. Page 460 discusses the end results of the Crusades. Were they a success or failure? What were the long-term impacts?
9. The attempt to reconcile Christian theology with human reason is known as _________________________.

10. The textbook claims that by the 14th century, Europe had reached its Malthusian limits, what is that?

11. Your writing assignment this module more fully investigates the Black Death. What climatic changes happened prior (1315-1322) to the Black Death which will further intensify the causalities?

12. What are characteristics of the new field of study in the Renaissance, humanism?